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Lisbon, Portugal

Geological, geophysical and petrophysical data integration for the geothermal energy potential assessment of the Romagna and Ferrara folds, Eastern Po-plain

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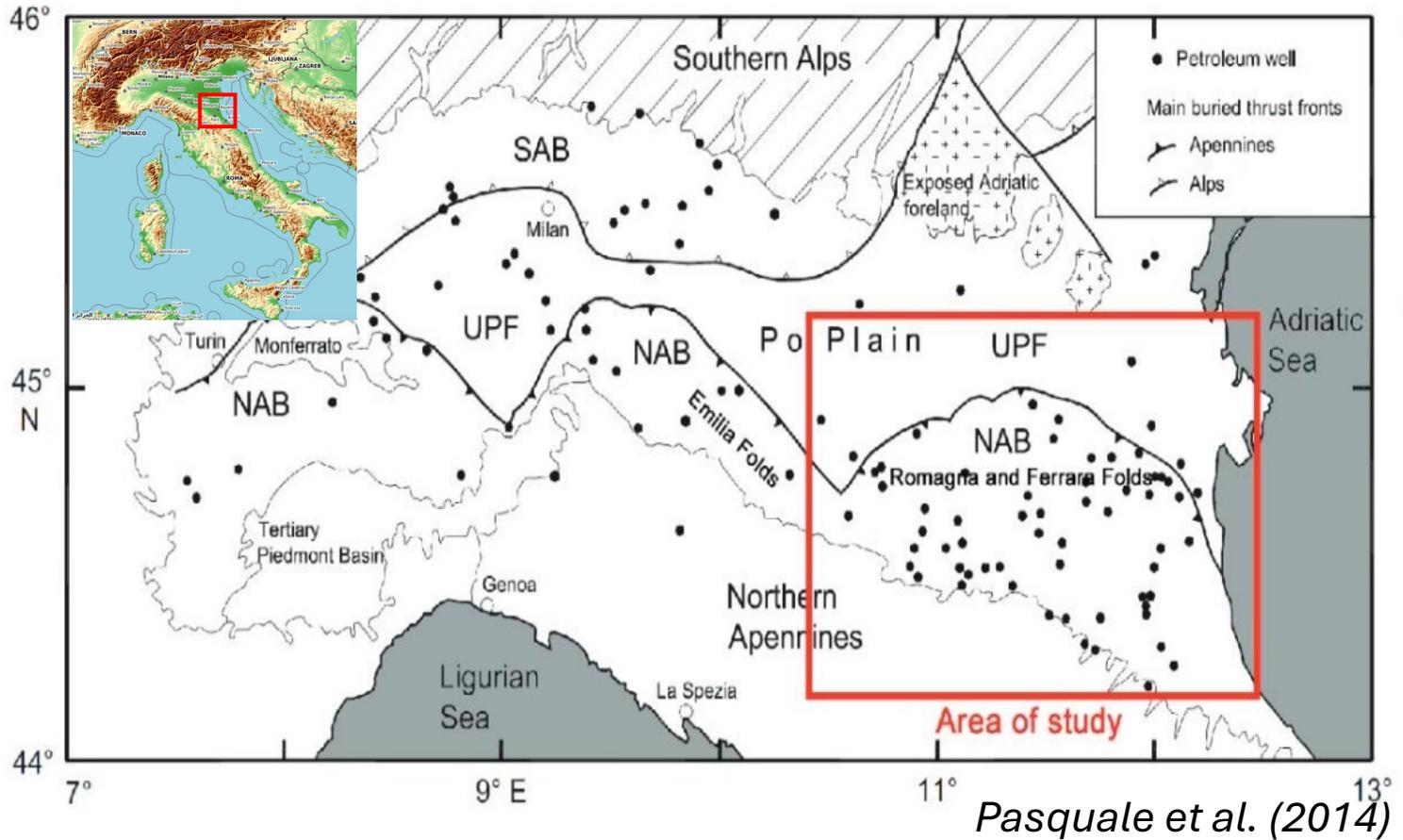
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Geothermal energy



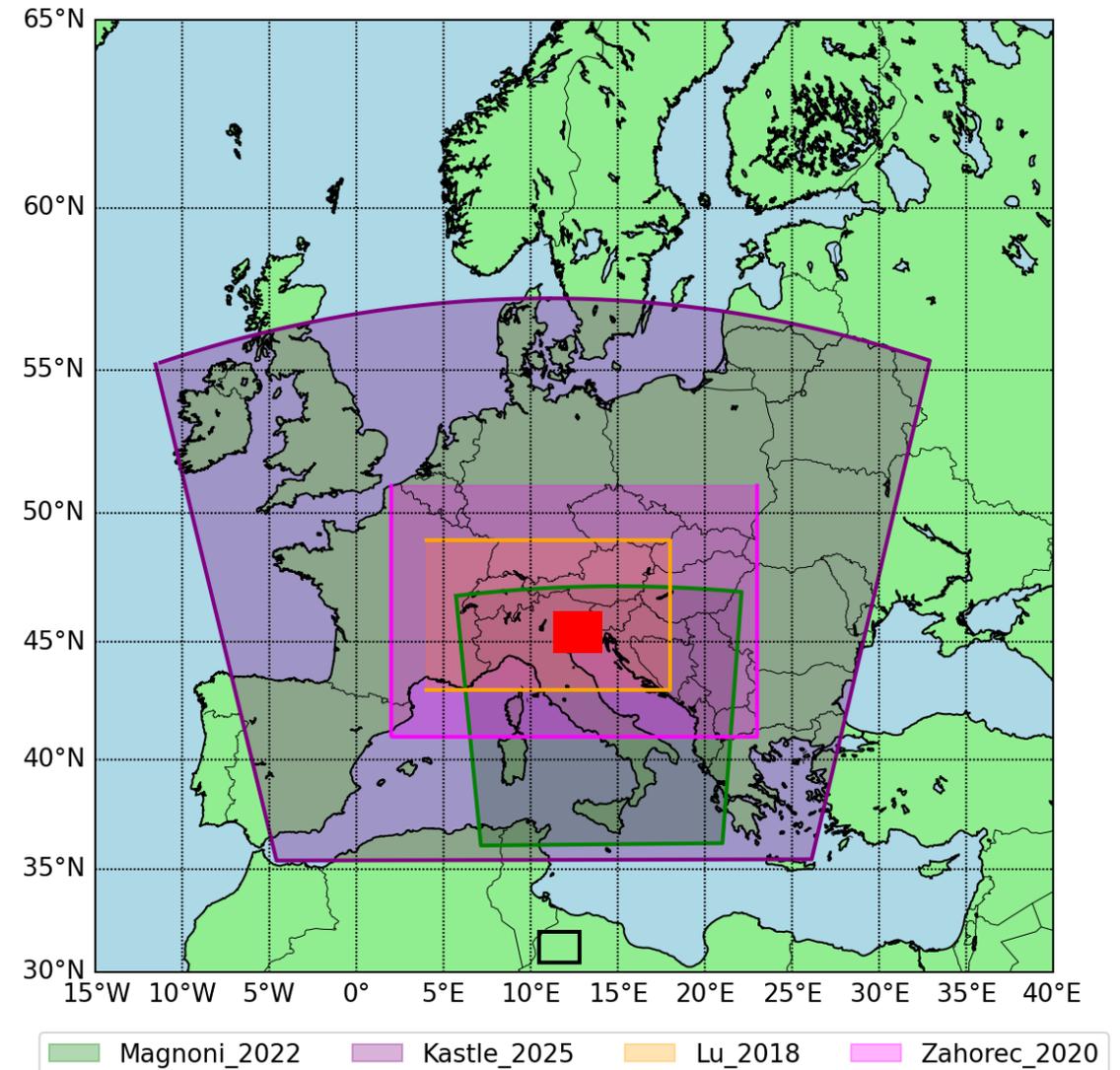
- Tapping into the Earth's heat contribute to achieving European Green Deal goal, which targets a 55 % reduction in CO₂ by 2030
- Critical to identify and properly characterize potentially exploitable geothermal areas
- InGEO: Innovation in geothermal resources and reserves potential assessment for the decarbonization of power/thermal sectors



Geology + Petrophysics + Geophysics
Thermal Modelling

Geophysical data

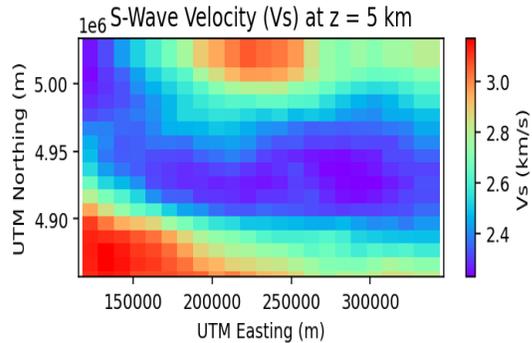
- Geophysical acquisition – image subsurface
- Data integration can reduce the uncertainties
- Existing geophysical data over RFF region
 - Seismic Tomography
 - Gravity
- Objective: Identify structural features amongst datasets for upper crustal region



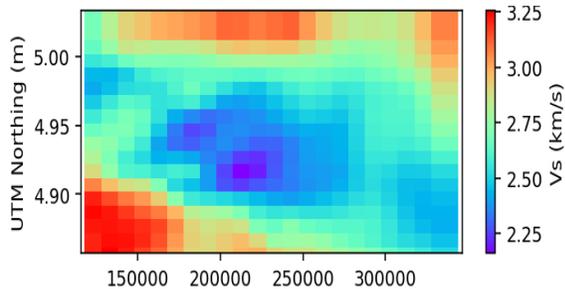
Data integration

1) Comparative analysis

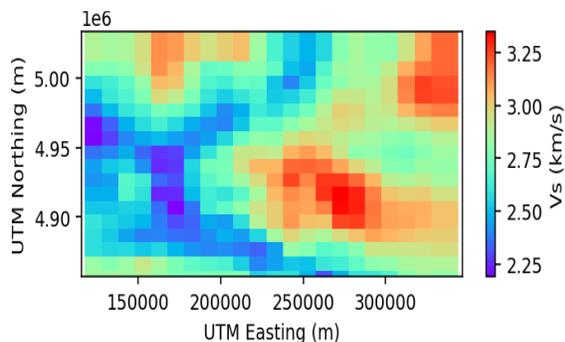
Lu (2018)



Kastle (2025)

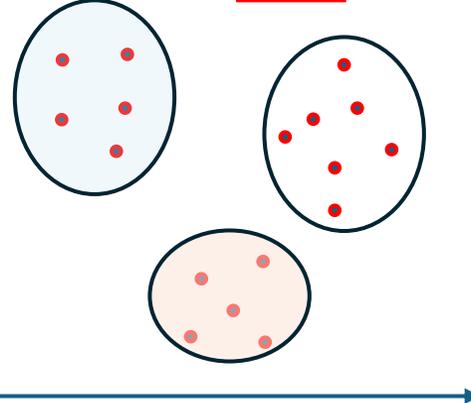


Magnoni (2022)



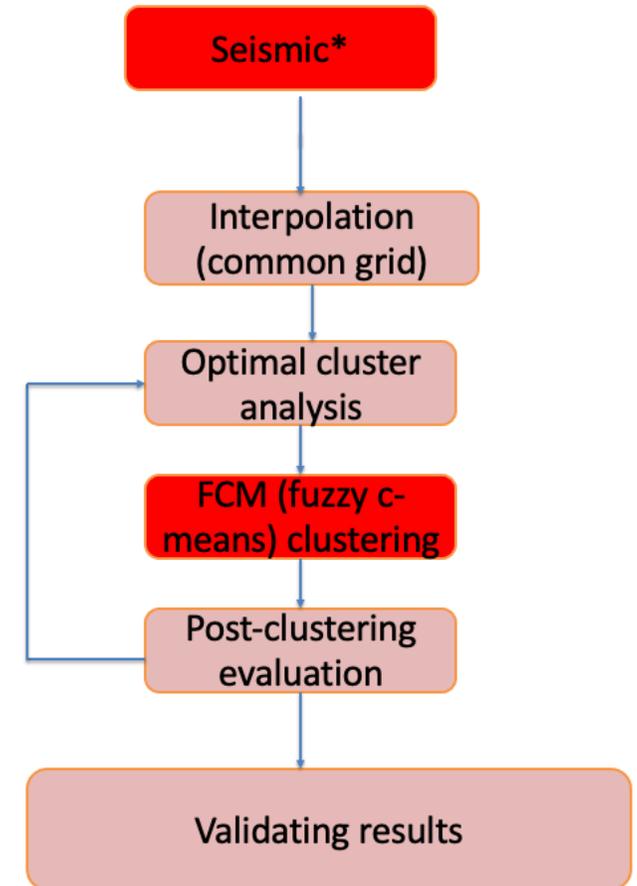
2) Quantitative analysis

$$J_m(U, v) = \sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{i=1}^c (u_{ik})^m \|y_k - v_i\|^2$$



Clustering algorithms can be used to classify similarities amongst multidimensional datasets using distance measure. Soft clustering allows a datapoint to belong to different classes with varying degrees of membership.

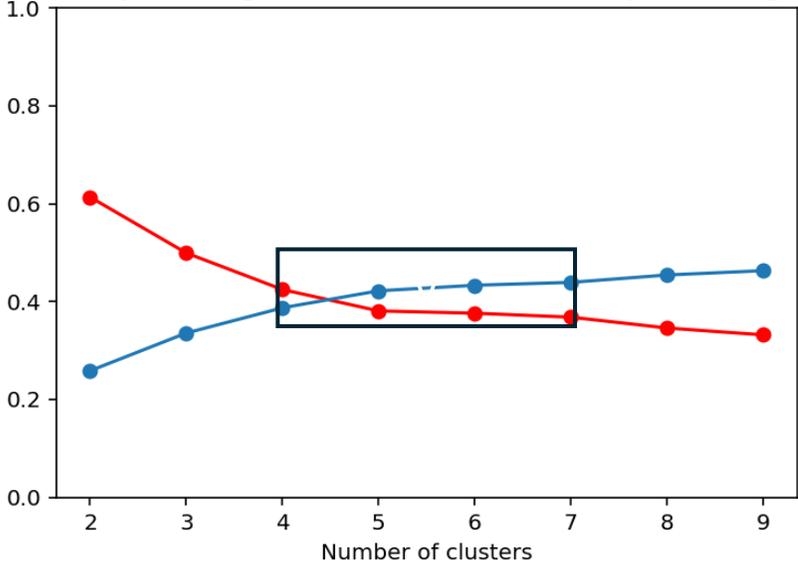
3) Proposed approach



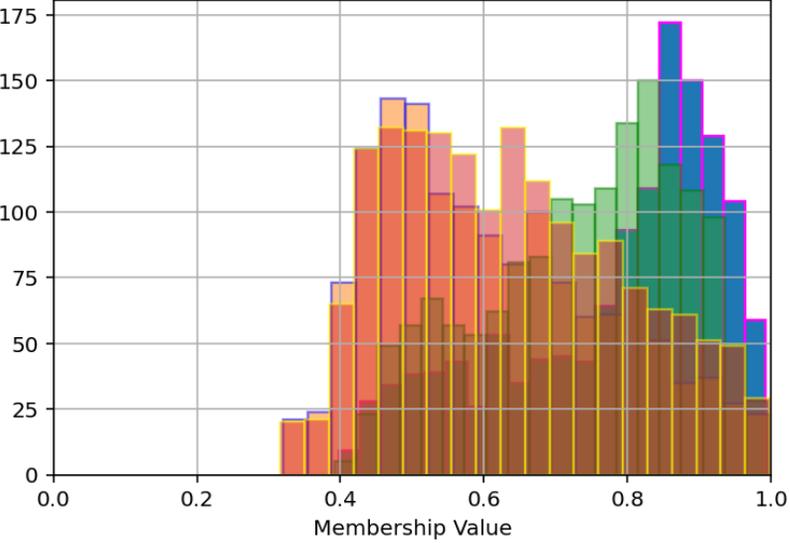
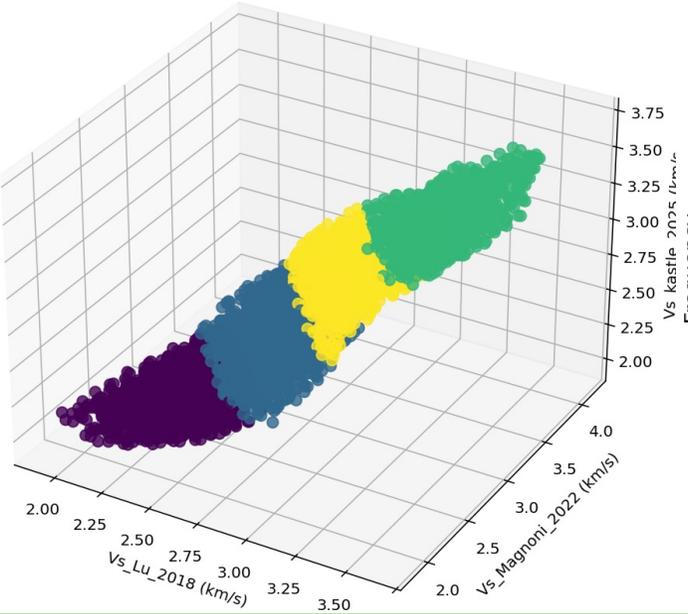
Clustering evaluation



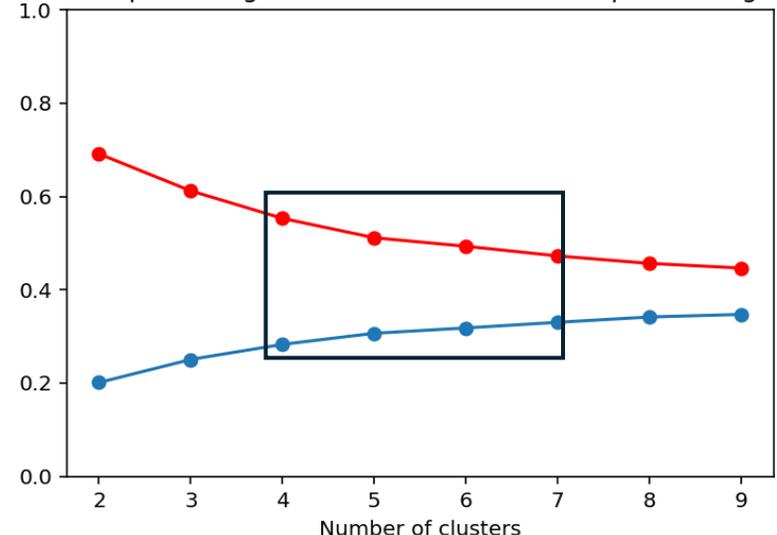
Normalized partitioning coefficient and normalized partitioning entropy



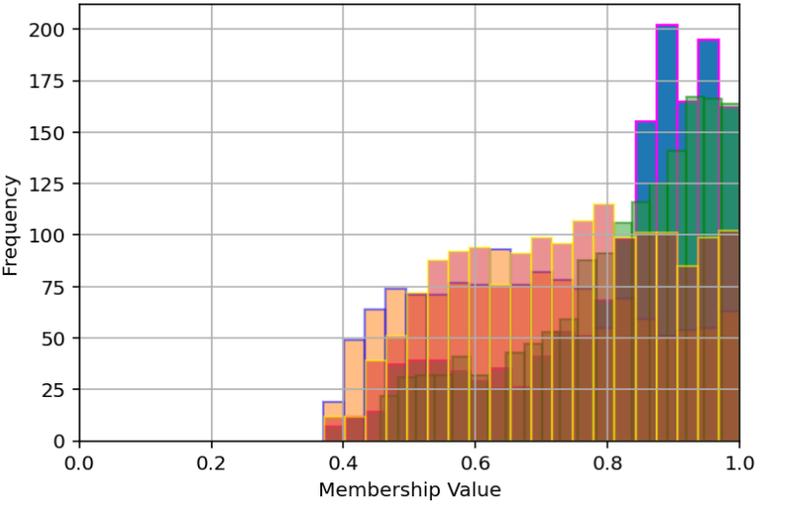
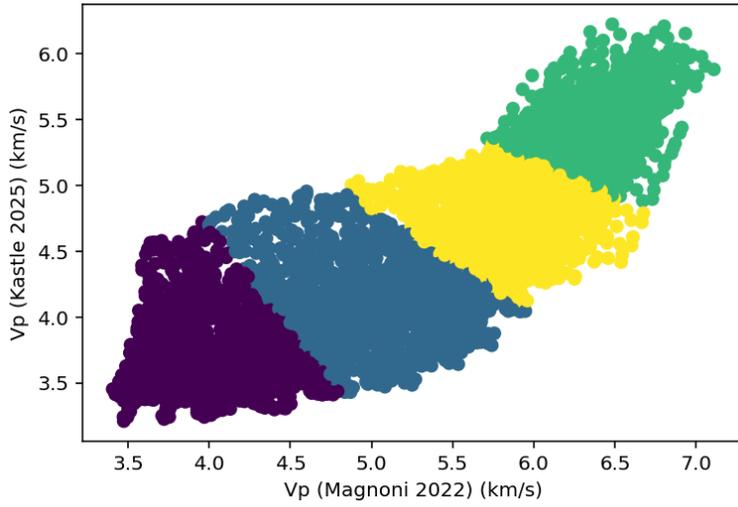
Vs



Normalized partitioning coefficient and normalized partitioning entropy

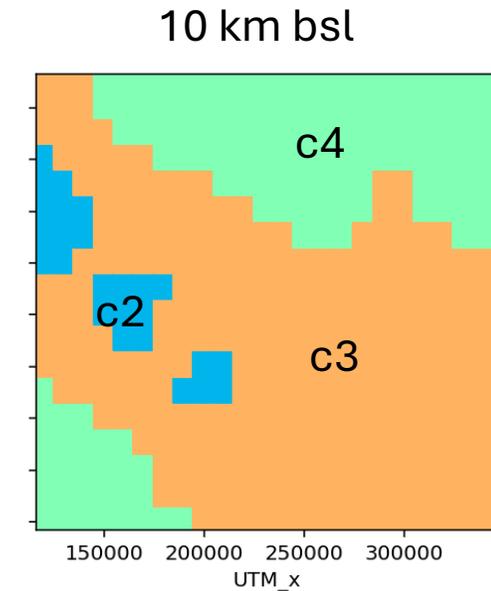
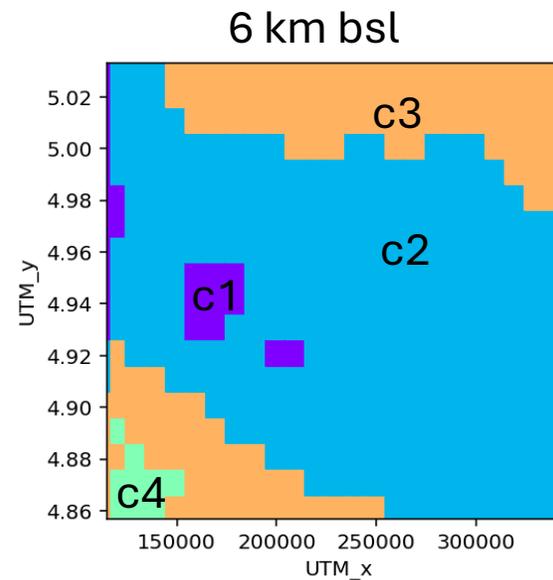
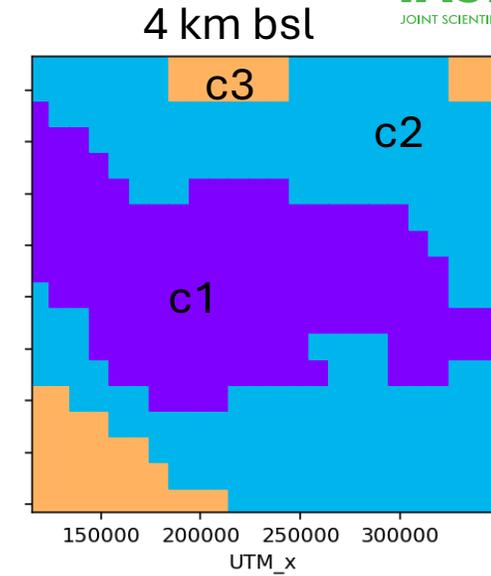
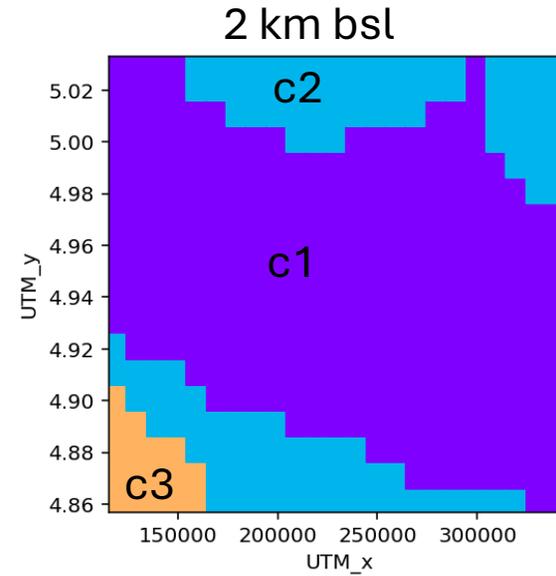


Vp



Cluster Model (Vs)

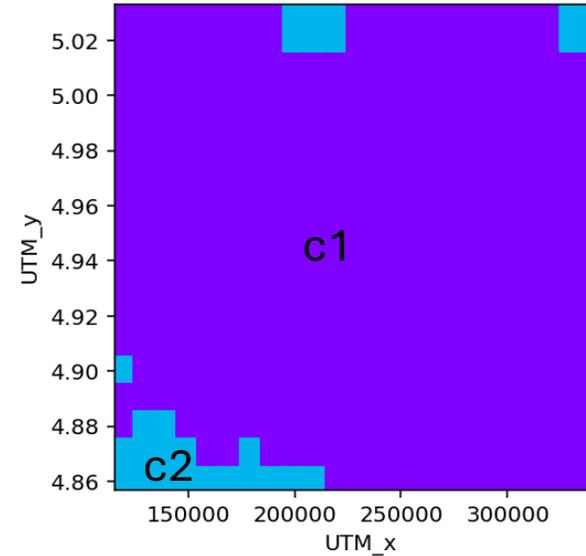
Cluster	Vs (km/s) (Lu_2018)	Vs (km/s) (Magnoni 2022)	Vs (km/s) (Kastle 2025)
c1	2.34	2.32	2.23
c2	2.69	2.72	2.58
c3	2.98	3.14	2.96
c4	3.27	3.35	3.28



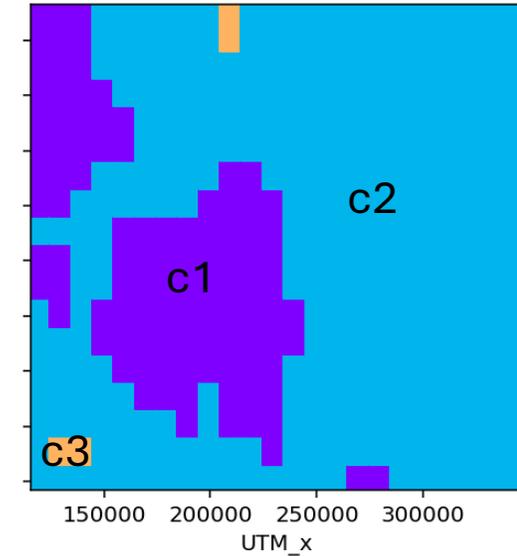
Cluster Model (Vp)

Cluster	Vp (km/s) (Magnoni 2022)	Vp (km/s) (Kastle 2025)
c1	4.01	3.69
c2	5.03	4.12
c3	5.88	4.78
c4	6.39	5.42

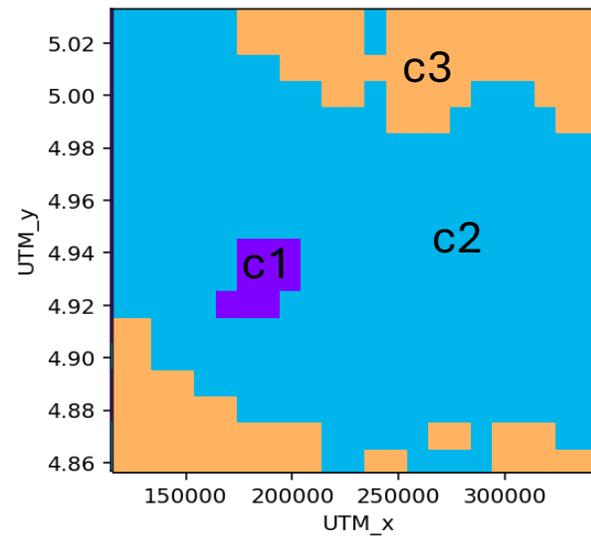
2 km bsl



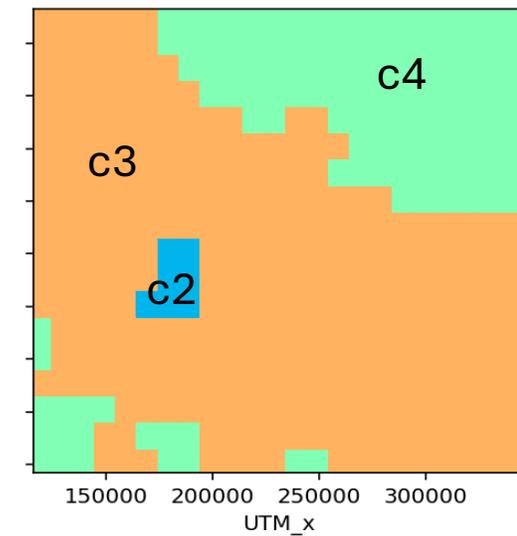
4 km bsl



6 km bsl

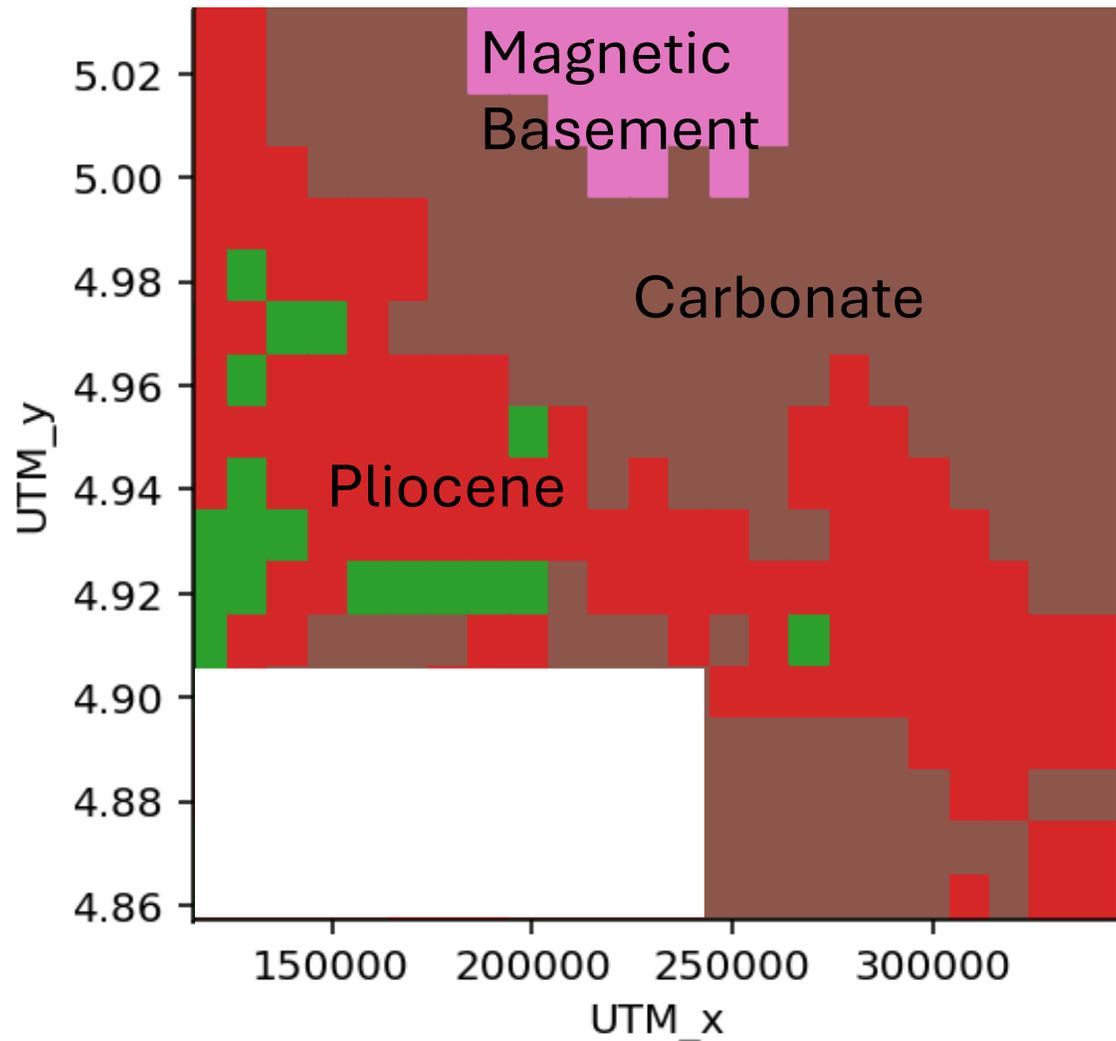


10 km bsl

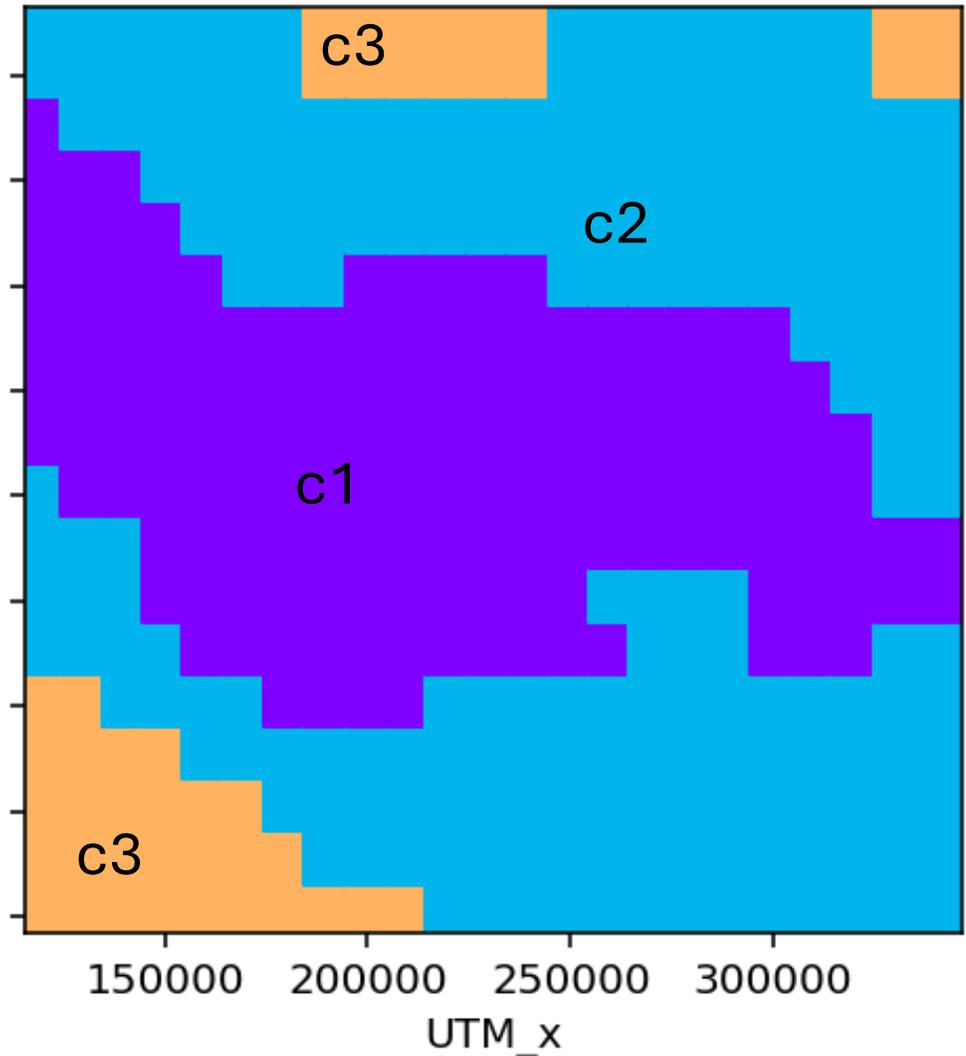


Validating Cluster Model (Geological Model)

4 km bsl

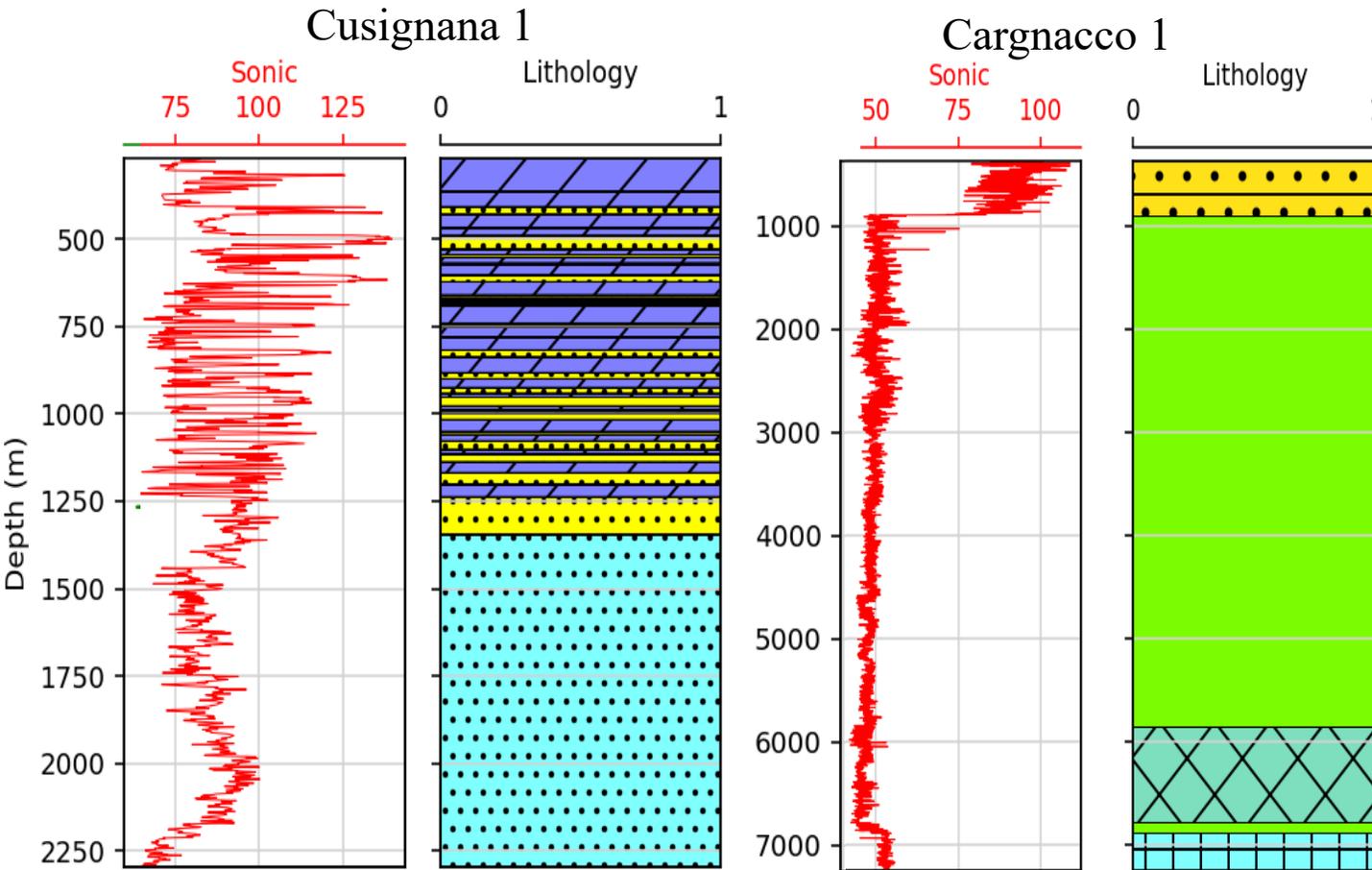


Livani et al. (2023)



Vs cluster model

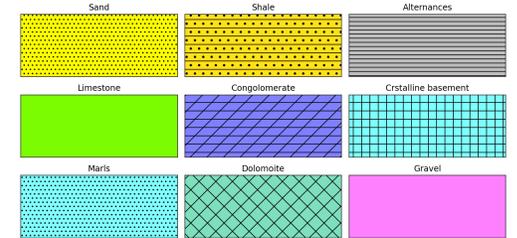
Validating Cluster Model (Well logs)



$$V = 1,000,000 / \Delta t$$

UNIT	This study		Montone and Mariucci (2020)
	vel. (km/sec)	vel. (km/sec)	vel. (km/sec)
Q	2.3 ± 0.3	2.2 ± 0.1	
PL	2.9 ± 0.5	3.4 ± 0.6	
MIO-PL	3.7 ± 0.8	4.0 ± 0.5	
FMA		4.0 ± 0.3	
EO-MIO		4.8 ± 0.5	
C-EO	5.5 ± 0.9	5.8 ± 0.3	
J-C		5.9 ± 0.4	
J		6.3 ± 0.4	
TR		6.3 ± 0.3	
V		4.9 ± 0.2	

Benetatos et al. (2023)

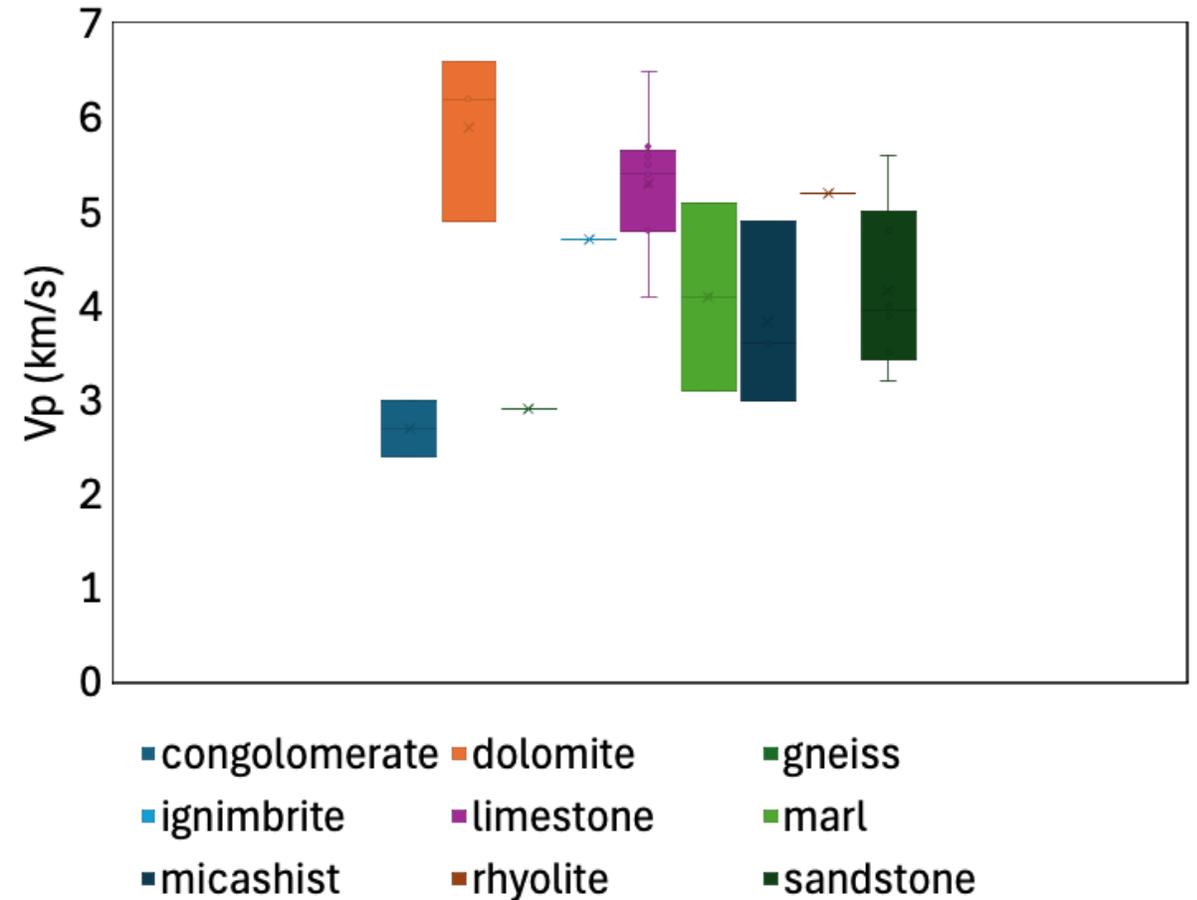
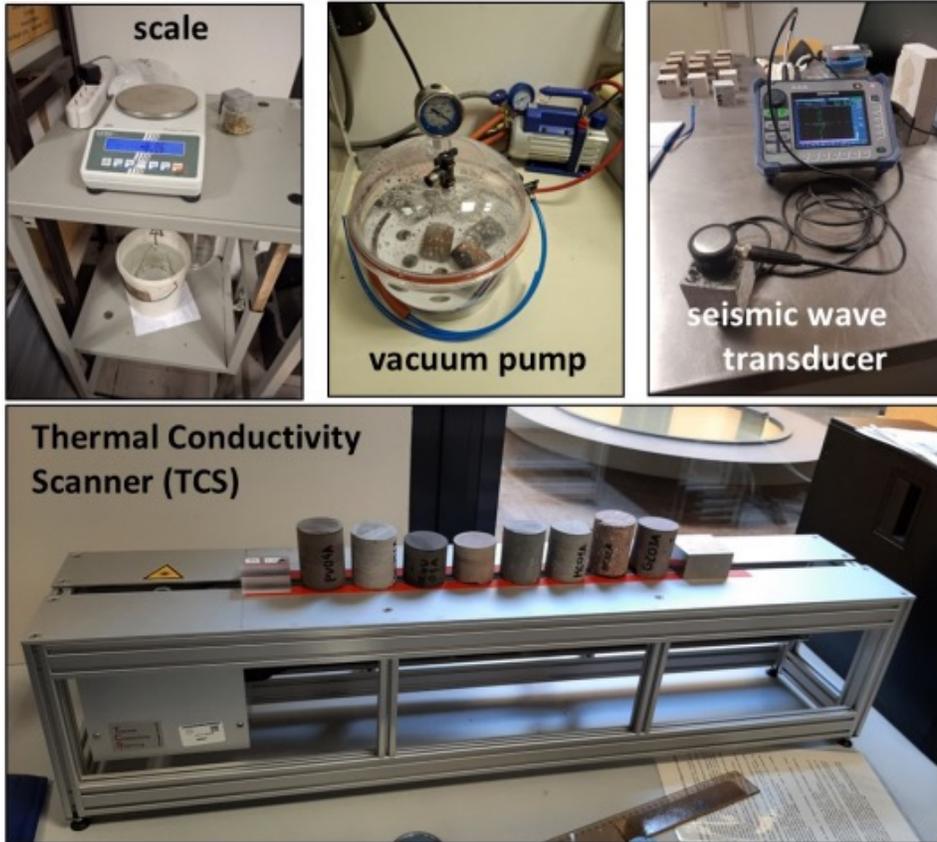


Cluster	Vs (km/s) (Lu_2018)	Vs (km/s) (Magnoni 2022)	Vs (km/s) (Kastle 2025)
c1	2.34	2.32	2.23
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Q, Quaternary; PL, Pliocene; MIO-PL, Miocene-Pliocene; FMA, Marnoso Arenacea Formation; EO-MIO, Eocene-Miocene; C-EO, Cretacic-Eocene; J-C, Jurassic-Cretacic; J, Jurassic; TR, Triassic; V, Verrucano

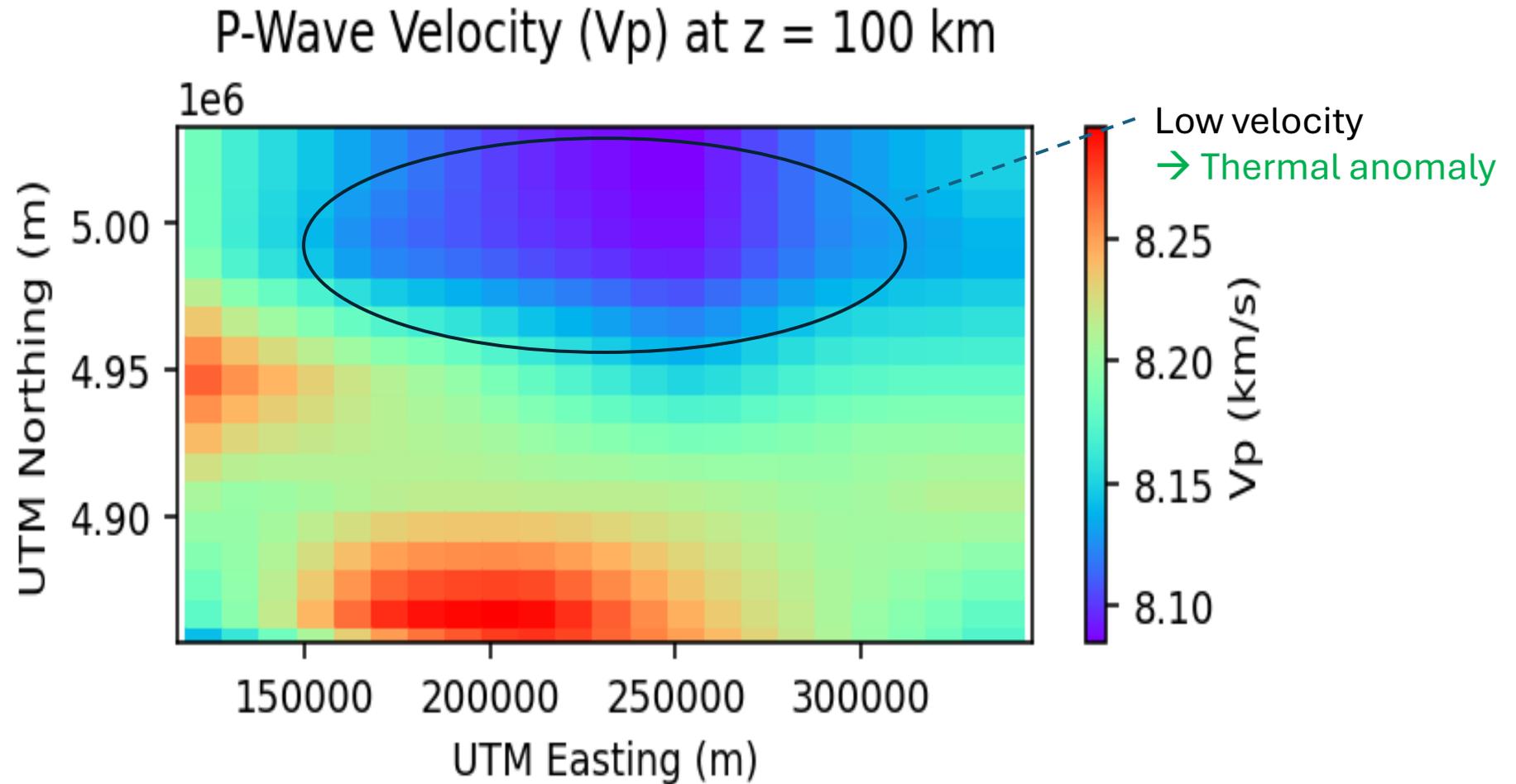
Validating Cluster Model (Petrophysical data)

Sulpski et al (2025)



Field campaign collecting rock samples representative of the Northern Apennines Triassic carbonate platform and underlying basement rocks. Petrophysical measurements on 44 samples of varying lithologies

More on data integration

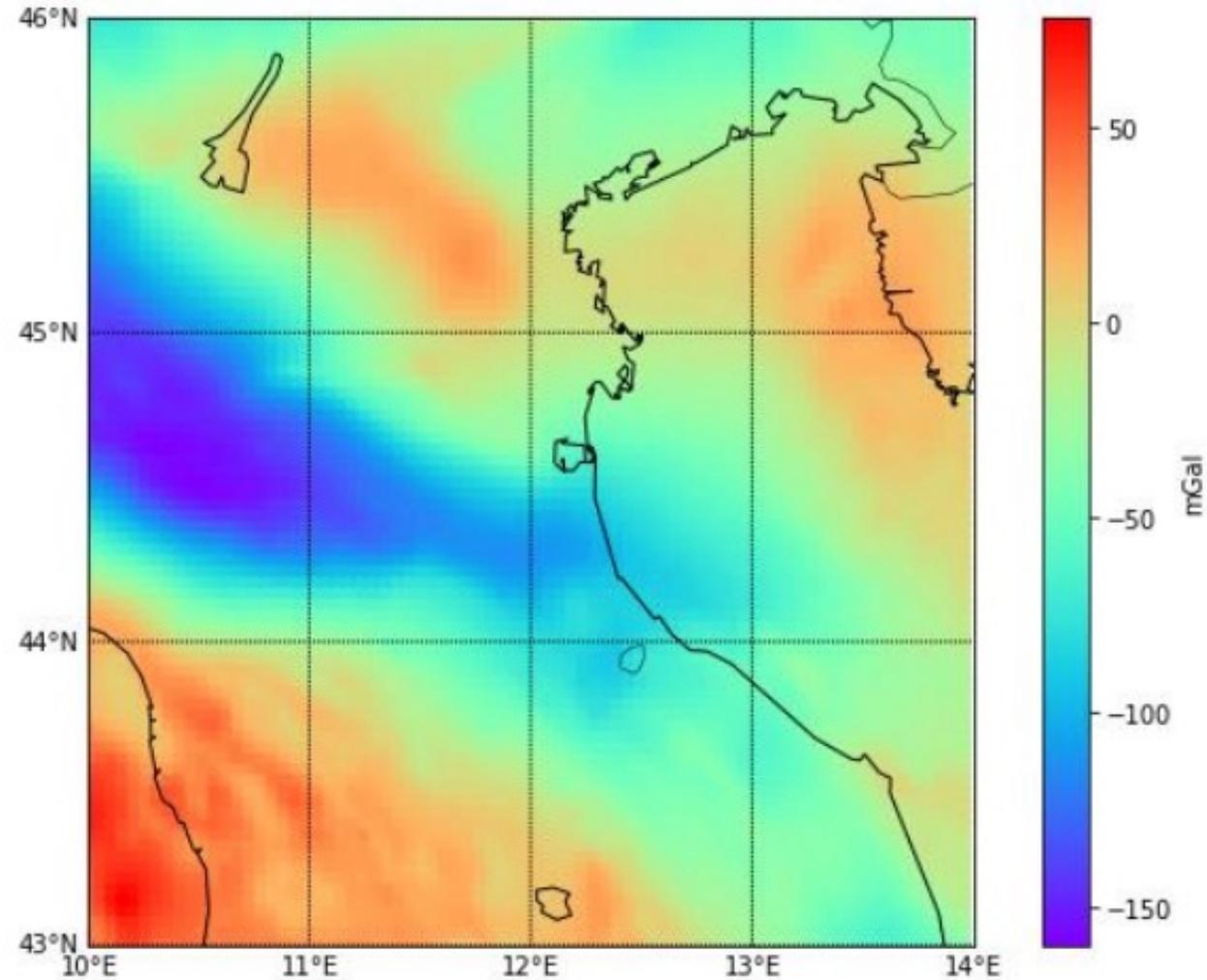


Rappisi et al. (2025)

More on data integration

Gravity Modelling

- Complete Bouguer Anomaly (CBA) map (Zahorec et al. 2021)
- Land and Marine acquisitions
 - 4 km
- 3D inversion using seismic constraints



Zahorec et al. (2021)

Conclusions and Outlook



- 3D Structural constraint of upper crustal features.
- Integration of geological and petrological data to validate model
- Uncertainty analysis
- Results will contribute to implement a consistent geological/geophysical model to characterize geothermal reservoir of the region
- Ultimately, workflow developed is transferable and can be applied to future geothermal prospects

Acknowledgements

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Thank you for your attention!



InGEO

<https://www.ingeo.cnr.it/en/>

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